

Corporate Communications and IR – Friends, foes or frenemies?

John Gilardi DIRK Conference / June 2015

Thank you to bosses, mentors and colleagues who shaped my perspectives.



Paul Argenti Dartmouth



Nancy Hobor Northwestern



Matthias Hensel BASF



Friedmar Nusch Aventis



Arvind Sood Amgen



Carsten Tilger Henkel



Karl Mahler Roche



Ann Bailey Novartis



Bob Pearson W2O



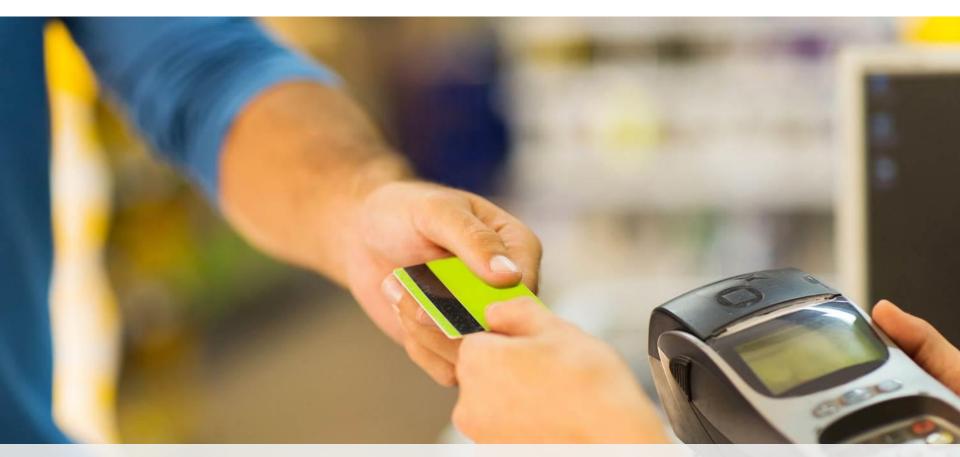
Felix Gress Continental

My dad gave me some very important career advice: Miles' Law.





"Where you stand depends on where you sit."
It explains why people take certain views based on their role in a situation.



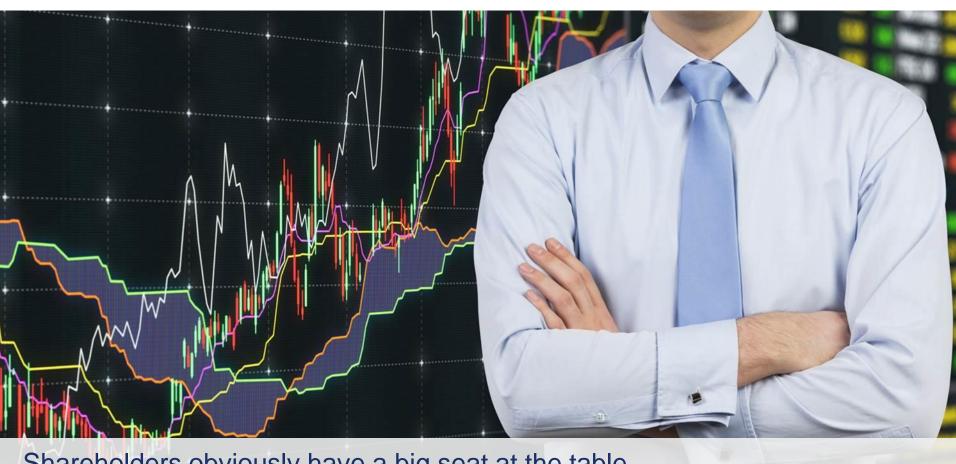
So in a corporate setting, many roles are represented at the table. The customer is king. Regulators make the rules.



Other stakeholders include journalists, NGOs, auditors, consultants, etc.







Shareholders obviously have a big seat at the table.

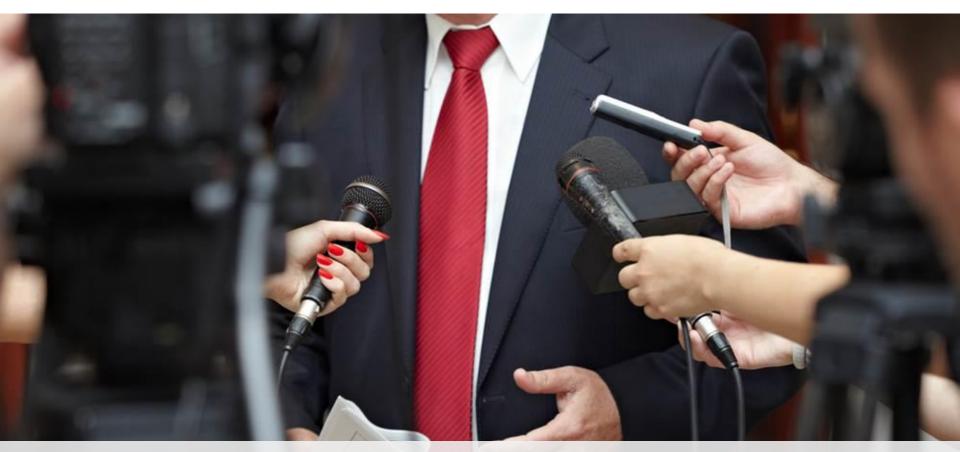
But don't forget sell-side analysts, credit agencies and debt investors.



The CEO has the top internal seat, and other functions are also represented.



Investor Relations also wants a seat at the table. So strategic and vital!



So does Communications. But can both be "strategic" and have a big seat? My view: The stakeholder roles are too fragmented – but together they are.



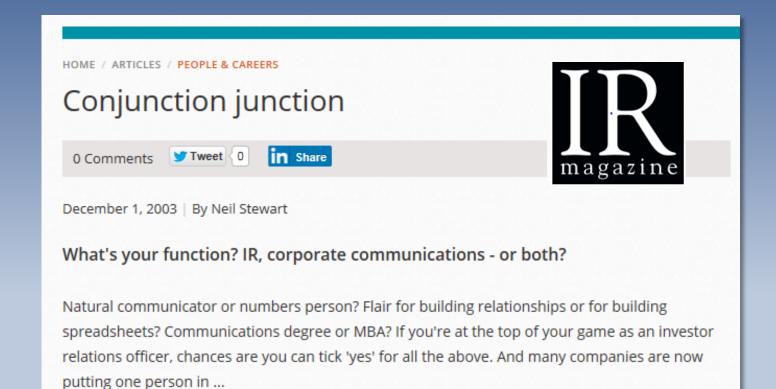
Many companies still have separate teams, seek alignment and collaboration. Success comes comes down to the people – not structures and rules.



Far too often the "team collaboration" efforts feel like this.

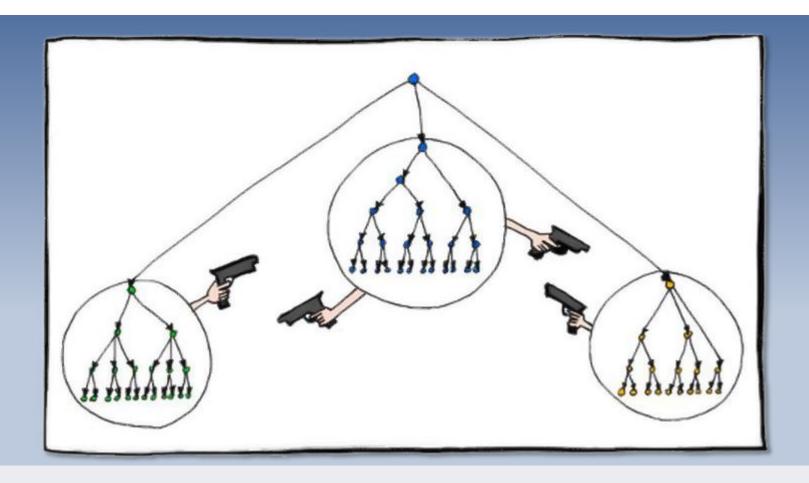


The new trend is integrated teams – regardless of size – to capture synergies. Bundle your strengths to engage stakeholders in harmony.



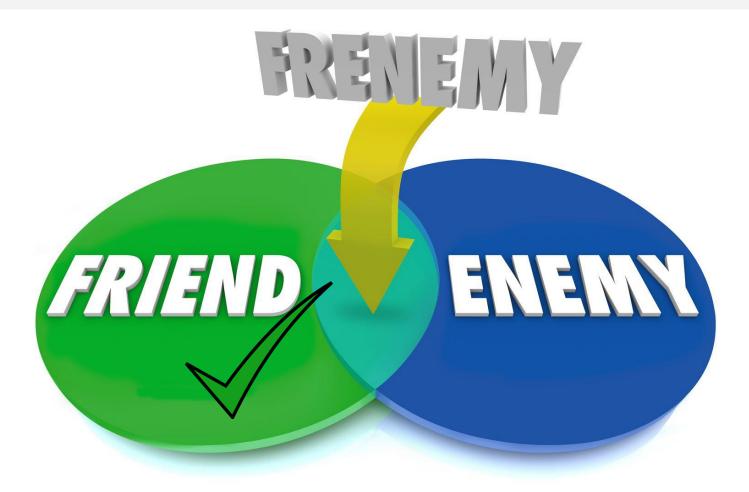
A new trend? No.

We are going full circle back to the old style of fully integrated teams.



Why? The turf wars are tiring. Rivalry reduces all of our credibility at the table.

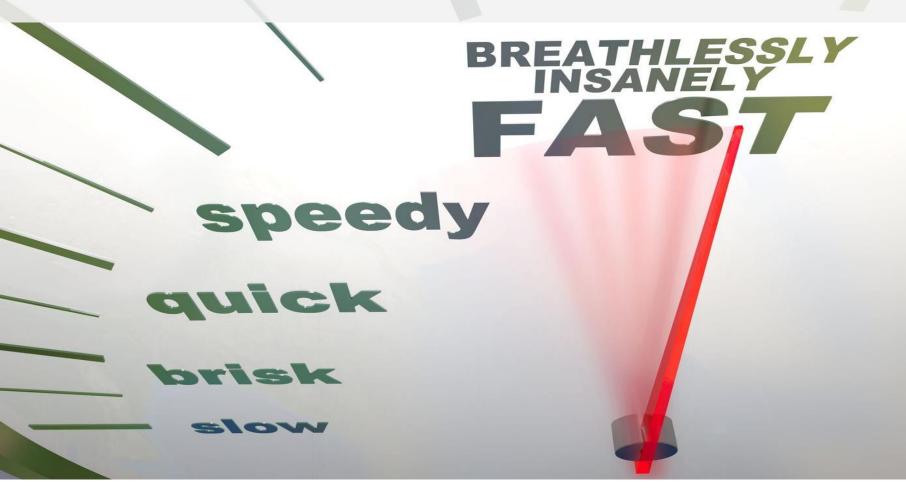
My call to action: Get prepared for integrated teams – informal or formal. Take the first step. Learn other Communications roles. Do it for your career.

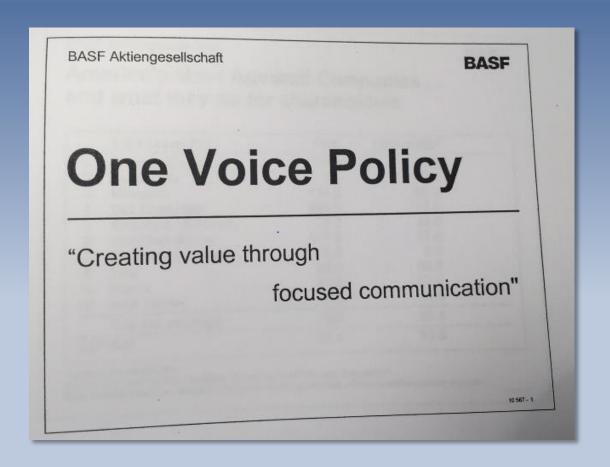


Let's review three reasons to take action.

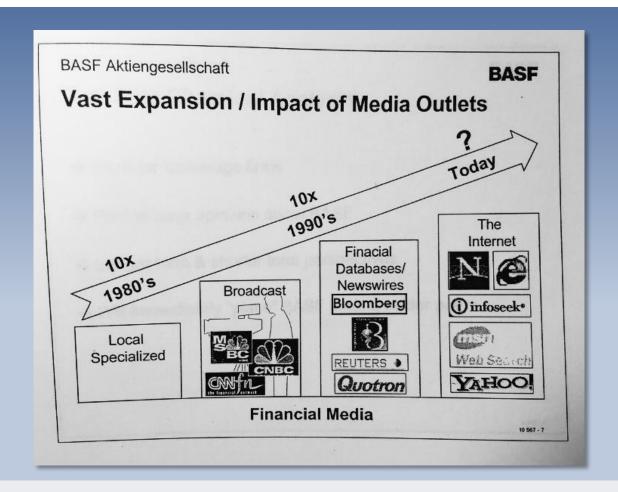


Reason Nr. 1 is speed: News travels much faster than a "One Voice Policy."

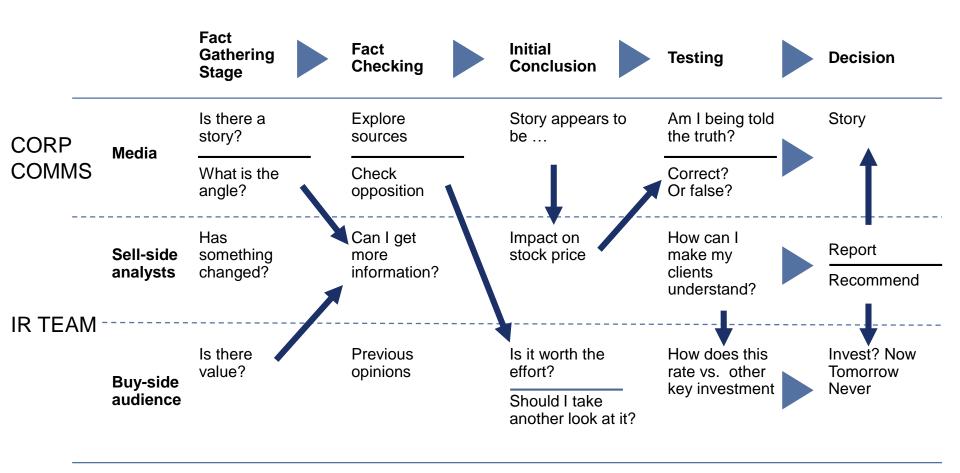




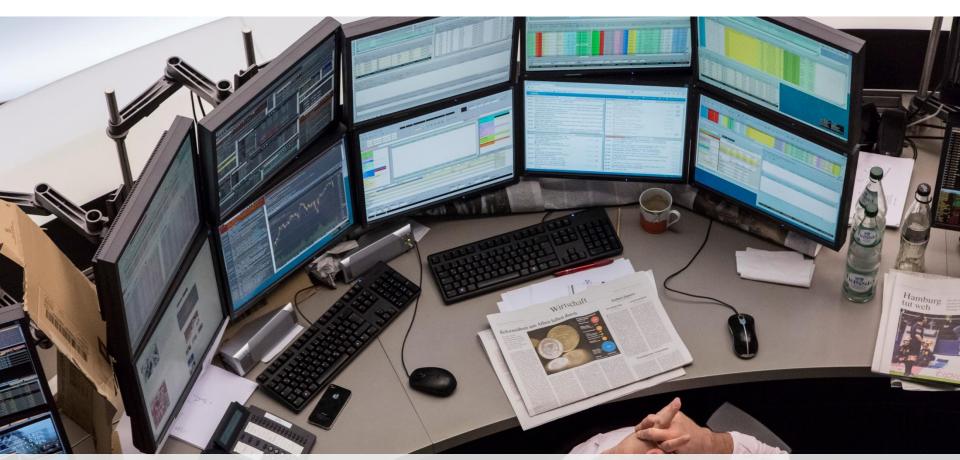
"Success" in aligning IR and Corporate Communications in pre-internet 1998.



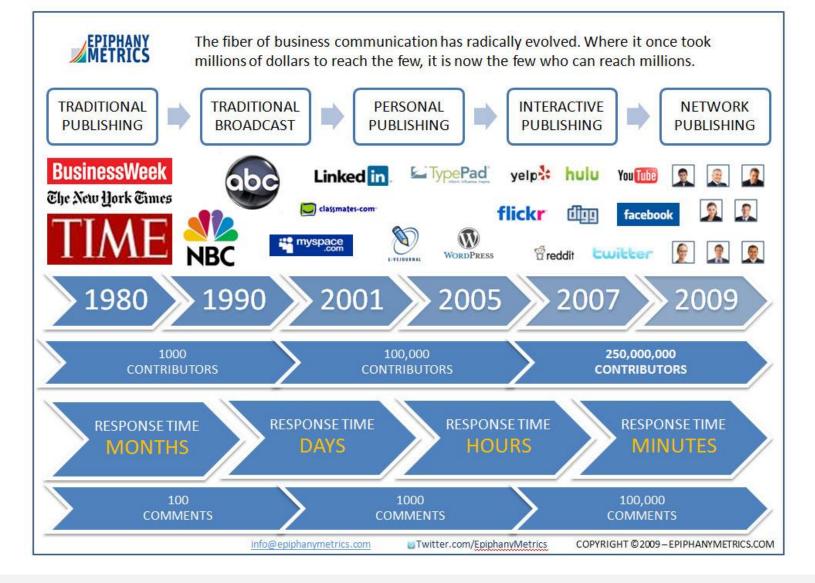
The rationale: Reduce reputational risks in a fast-changing media landscape.



External target groups were talking to each other – so we needed one story.



Now the external discussions are taking place in ways we never imagined. Lacking complete alignment is a recipe for disaster.



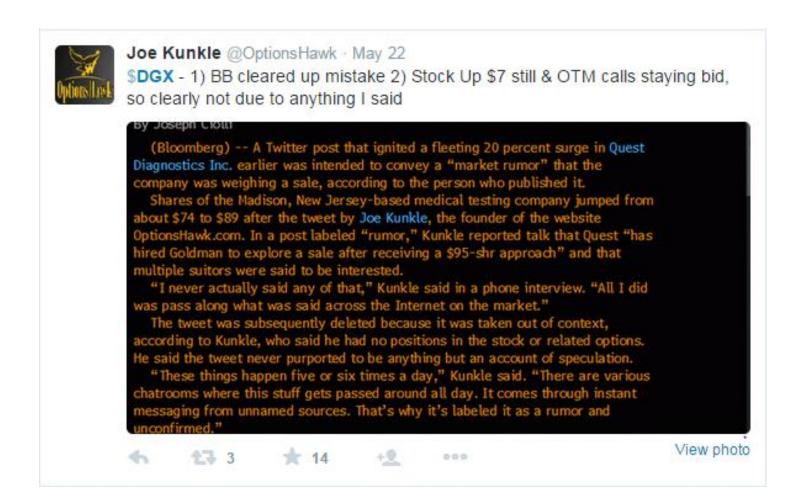
<u>Anyone</u> can share their views with <u>everyone</u> in ways we never imagined. How are you prepared to work with Communications?





Drew Armstrong @ArmstrongDrew · May 22
Want to know what to make of Quest's bizarre 20% spike? \$DGX

Case study: Quest Diagnostics and a tweet.



Case study: Quest Diagnostics and a tweet.



Case study: Quest Diagnostics and a tweet.

Reason Nr. 2 is engagement: "Your" investors talk to "their" stakeholders.

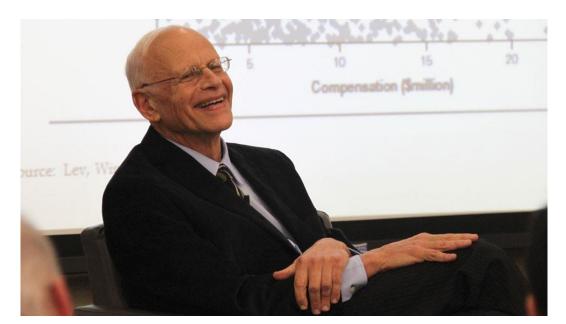


Stock price = Performance + Perception

Let's go back to the IR basics.



Performance-related variables are the "bread and butter" of IR discussions.



Baruch Lev

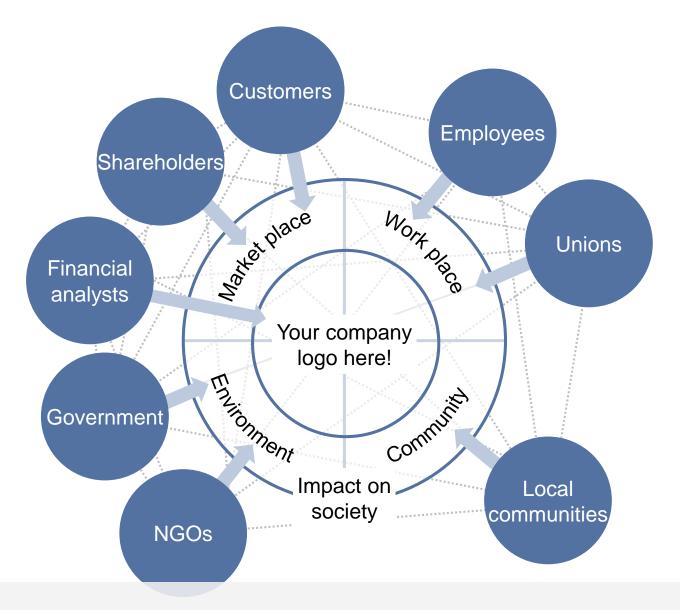
Regulatory risks Management quality Sustainability Customer satisfaction

35% of valuation comes from non-financial factors

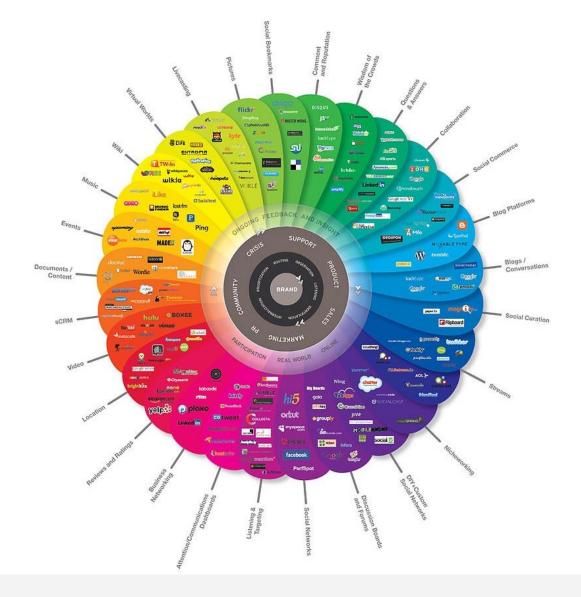
But non-financial factors are a growing part of valuations.

The challenge: These topics are often handled directly by Communications.

Bess Gallanis / University of Chicago



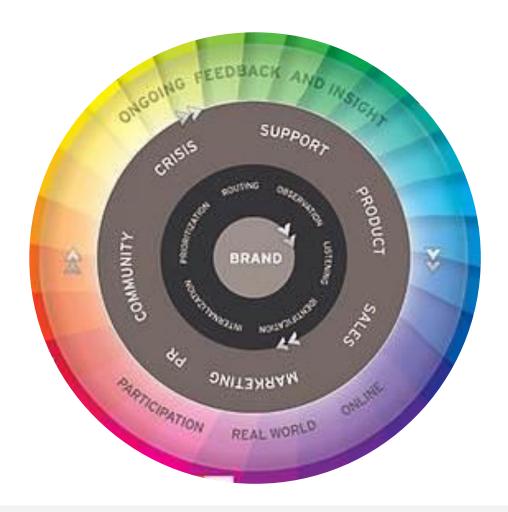
It is so easy today for shareholders to engage with others – and without you.



Stakeholder discussions occur in a dizzying range of digital channels.



Disclosure rules are changing in ways we never imagined. It is one permanent and truly global news cycle – info is either public or not.



One approach: Align core messaging around the corporate brand.

The challenge: This is "bread and butter" work for Communications teams.

How it all began

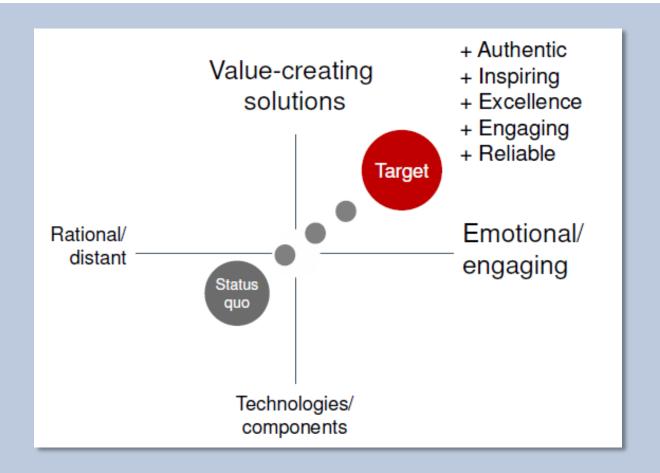
The QIAGEN® revolution

Before 1986, gaining access to genetic information was an extremely time-consuming and often laborious procedure. The genetic content of a biological sample was separated in many steps from a number of other components, often with no guarantee of success. Stabilization, purification, and further handling of a sample could take up to three days, with only limited reproducibility.



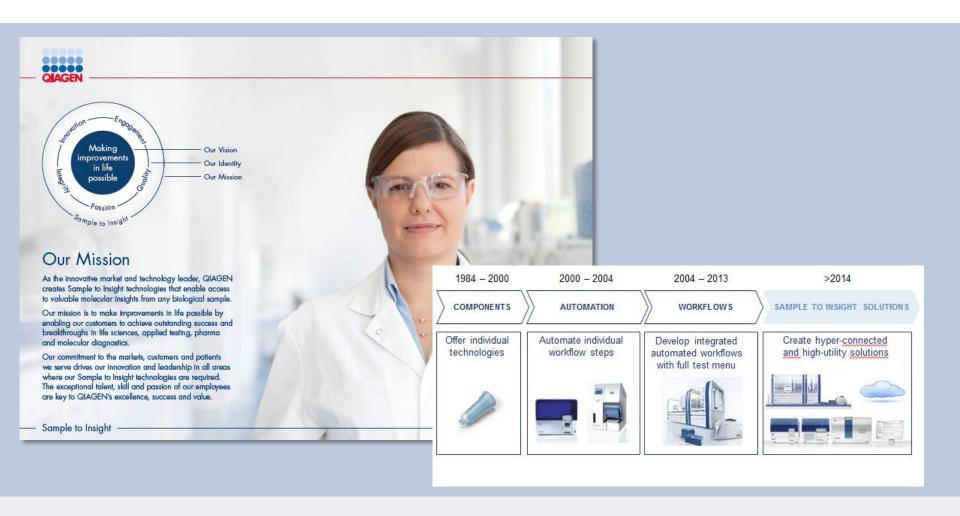


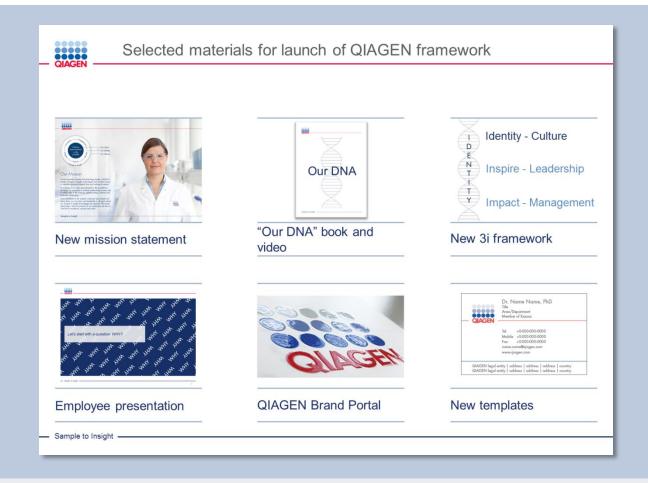
Case study: QIAGEN.



Case study: QIAGEN.















Louis M. Thompson, Jr. NIRI President (1982-2006)

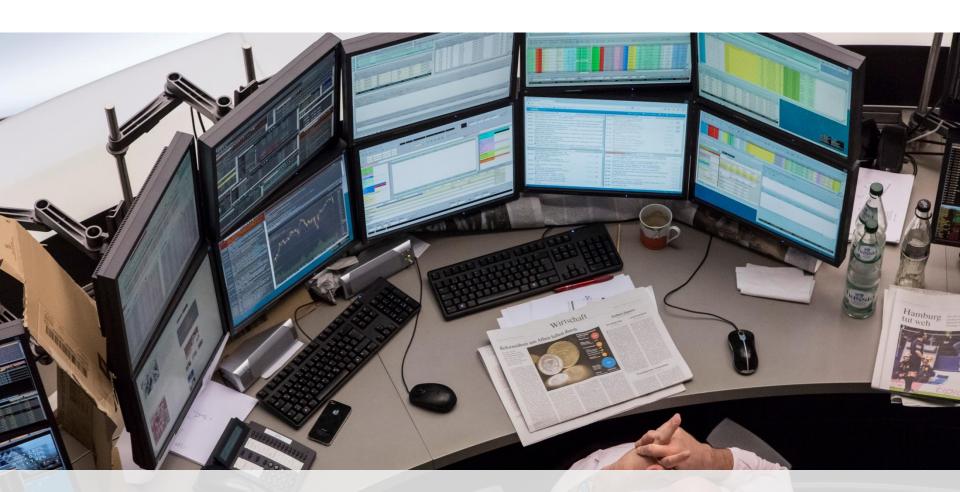
Quiz:

In 1984, how many Fortune 500 companies had their own IR department?

And today?

Lou Thompson has seen it all. He is an advocate of integrated teams....

Make that returning to integrated teams!

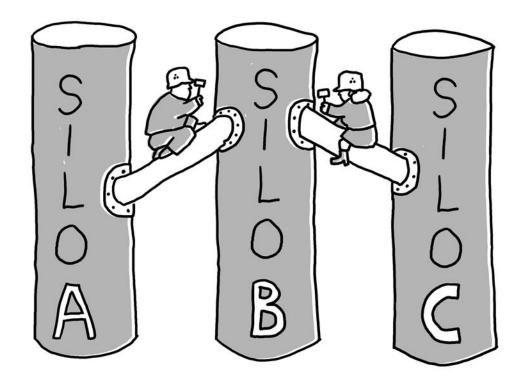


If this is the speed at which our stakeholders are getting information...

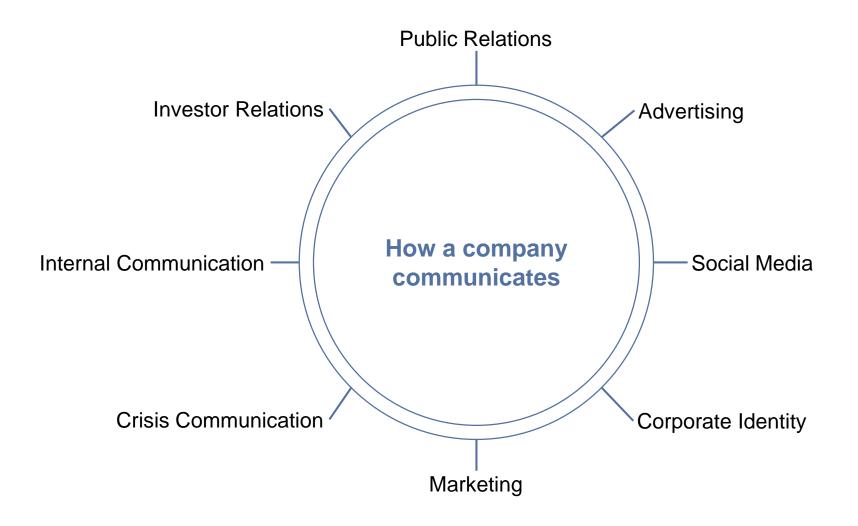
A Conversation



... and are communicating with each other in ways never imagined...

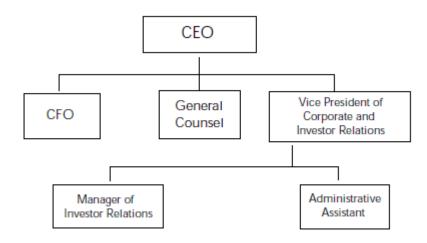


... why are many companies still working with outdated corporate structures?

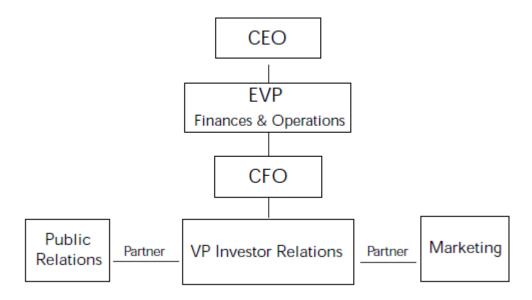


Let's face the facts: IR is just one type of communication among many.

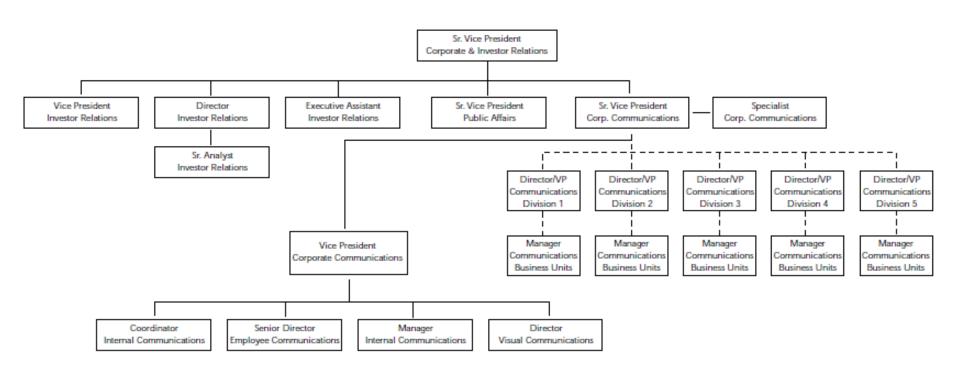
The environment demands more than collaboration – it means integration.



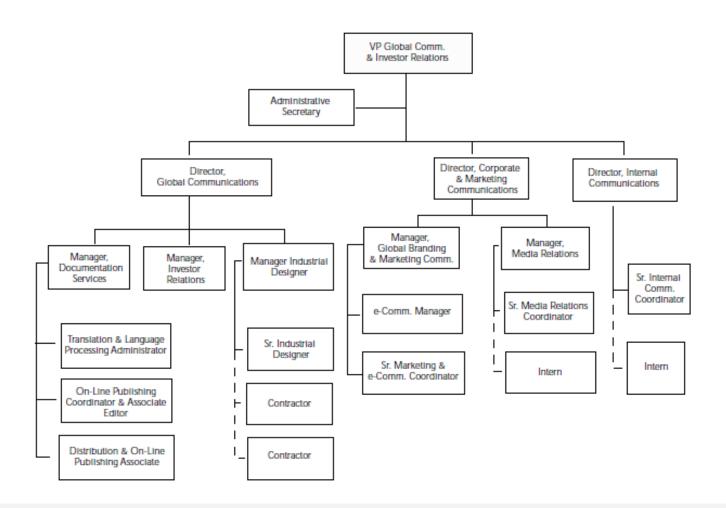
Different approaches to organizational design: "Only IR really matters."



Different approaches to organizational design: "Partners in other functions."



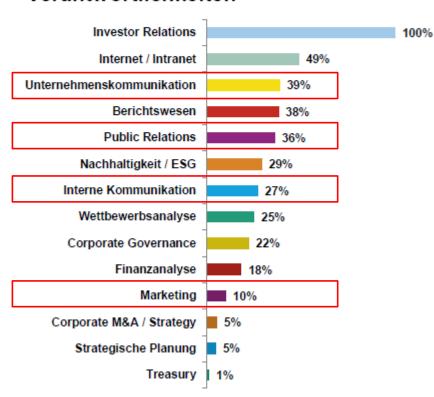
Different approaches to organizational design: "Splitting up stakeholders."



Different approaches to organizational design: "One team to all stakeholders."

Aufgaben des Investor Relations Managers und Berichtslinie



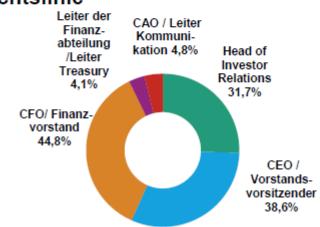


Professionals im Investor Relations Umfeld sind neben klassischen IR Aufgaben für die Pflege des Internets / Intranets, Unternehmenskommunikation, Berichtswesen und Public Relations zuständig

Aufgaben im Bereich Finanzen, Corporate Finance oder Strategie spielen eine eher untergeordnete Rolle

Dennoch berichten 44,8% direkt an den CFO und nur 38,6% an den CEO

Berichtslinie*



* Mehrfachantworten möglich

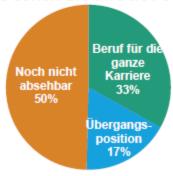
Many German IROs are already part of integrated teams – and it will increase.

Motivation und Perspektive von IR Professionals

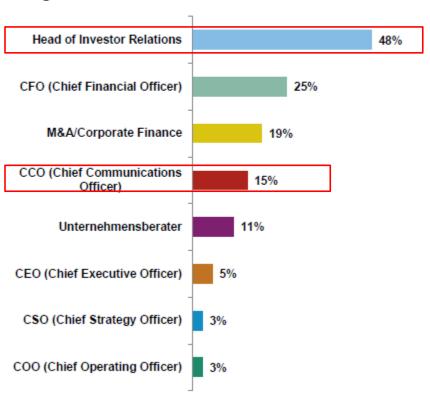
Beliebt ist der Wunsch, CFO in einer Tochtergesellschaft zu werden, aber auch in eine Investor Relations Position eines größeren Unternehmens zu wechseln.

Die Auswertung der Kommentare ergibt, dass für einen großen Teil der Inhalt der Tätigkeit wichtiger ist als der Titel.

Als was sehen Sie Ihre IR Position?



Mögliche Ziele



Think bigger than just Head of IR. Why not lead an integrated team? My prediction: Head of IR role gone as CEO/CFO-direct report in 10 years.

My summary: Make friends – not enemies – with Communications.

Capture benefits for your company while improving your career opportunities.

